

# THE LANGUAGE MAINTENANCE OF DOUBLENESTED DIGLOSSIA IN BILINGUAL COMMUNITIES IN YOGYAKARTA

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## ABSTRACT

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Yogyakarta is one of the most heterogeneous big cities in Indonesia. Moreover, its heterogeneity is strongly seen in the urban area with various types of society and social class. This condition brings the varieties in multicultural aspects in society specifically in culture, art, and local language. Therefore, the phenomenon of the situation in using language is essential to be observed and practically becoming the crucial need in people's daily interaction. Instead of the utilization of Indonesia Language as a national language, there are also some languages frequently spoken by people especially them who are educated. Those languages frequently used in society such as English and local languages. Consequently, the condition causes bilingual-diglossic situation in Yogyakarta.

The purposes of this *first year* survey research are describing (1) the language selection in a diglossic situation, (2) the reasons for choosing a language, (3) the realm of diglossal leakage, and (4) the reasons for the leakage of diglossia. One hundreds respondents were involved in this research. The questionnaire (<http://bit.ly/letak-kebocoran-diglossia>). was used as an instrument to gain the data. There were 22 closed form questions in the questionnaire. After all the data were then saved in Microsoft Excel and analyzed respectively.

The results lead to four issues. First, the choice of a language in formal and informal situations is characterized by the emergence of standard and dialectal variations in Indonesian, Javanese Ngoko and Kromo English, as well as other languages ??and Arabic. Second, the reasons for choosing a language in a social situation are formality, politeness, intimacy, ease, authority, clarity, comfort, coolness or prestige, leisure, expressiveness, equality, trustworthiness, adaptation, and identity. Third, leakage of diglossia occurs in almost all language situations. The leakage occurs reciprocally with small, medium, and bear infiltration forces. And the minor infiltration occurs in all formal situations. The inflation is happening in informal situations in public areas. Furthermore, the major infiltration occurs in informal situations at home with children. Fourth, the reason for diglossia leakage is the retention of language functions, education, affective social distance, normative social distance, and interactive social distance. The reciprocal infiltration can be used as an element of language retention. Detention is done by using several languages ??in the same situation in order to strengthen the personal function of the language.

Kata Kunci: *diglossia, language selection, language situation, language maintenance*