

EXPRESSIONS OF POLITENESS IN GERMAN LANGUAGE IN THE BOOK OF Studio d

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ABSTRACT

This study aims to describe the forms and punctuations for expressions of politeness in German language which are explained in Studio d teaching book. The data source of the research consists of 179 discourses of expressions of politeness in German. Here are the results of the research. Firstly, there are six kinds of expressions of politeness that will be found in Studio d teaching book; they are used to answer, ask questions, greet, express willingness, ask for something/order/instruct and advise. Secondly, there are two aspects of language to express politeness in German whose availability is always combined, which are lexical and grammatical aspects. There are examples of lexical aspect like *bitte* which means 'yes' or 'please do' and *danke* which means 'thank you', *entschuldigung* that means 'sorry', and a pronoun *Sie* that means 'you'. The grammatical aspect is composed of the use of 'modus' or sentence form, particles, modal verbs such as *dürften* which means 'may', *möchten* which means 'will', *sollten* that means 'should', *könnten* that means 'can or may', and a verb *gern hätten* that means 'will'.

Kata Kunci: *expressions of politeness, aspects of language, German language*